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January 15, 1999

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PROBLEM TO THE PROPERTY

Ms. Magalie Roman-Salas Secretary Federal Communications Commission The Portals 445 Twelfth Street, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: Ex Parte

CS Docket No. 98-201

RM No. 9335 RM No. 9345

Dear Ms. Salas:

Ben Ivins of the National Association of Broadcasters, Tom Olson with the law firm of Wilmer, Cutler, and Pickering and the undersigned met January 13, 1999, with Christopher Wright, Mary Beth Murphy and Joel Kaufman of the General Counsel's office, Commissioner Powell and Jane Mago and Commissioners Tristani and Furchtgott-Roth and Anita Wallgren of Commissioner Ness' office. The topic of the discussion was the above-captioned proceeding.

More specifically, we discussed the permanent injunction issued by the Federal District Court for the Southern District of Florida on December 22, 1998 which enjoins PrimeTime 24 from providing CBS or Fox network programming to any customer living in an unserved household, the negative impact the SBCA proposals and running Longley-Rice with various different inputs. (See Attachment A which was filed in the above-referenced proceeding Friday, January 15, 1999.) We also left behind an Associated Press article which reports satellite companies giving the cable industry head-to-head

No. of Copies rec'd 0+1 List ABCDE competition. And we advocated positive steps such as satellite delivery of local stations into their local markets and the expanded use of antennas to receive local stations.

An original and three copies of this letter are being filed with your office today.

Best regards,
Haren Fullum

Karen Fullum

Cc: Christopher Wright

Mary Beth Murphy

Joel Kaufman

Anita Wallgren

Commissioner Harold Furchtgott-Roth

Helgi Walker

Commissioner Michael Powell

Jane Mago

Commissioner Gloria Tristani

Attachments

IMPACT OF USING 90% CONFIDENCE FACTOR

	LR 50	0/50/50 Grade B	LR 50/50/90 Grade B	<u>Difference</u>	Percent Loss
KAAL - ABC - Austin MN	1997 Pop	698,435	457,618	240,817	34.5%
KGAN - CBS - Cedar Rapids IA	1997 Pop	1,012,907	748,905	264,002	26.1%
KHQA - CBS - Hannibal MO	1997 Pop	386,991	267,503	119,487	30.9%
KTVO - ABC - Ottumwa IO	1997 Pop	490,857	311,886	178,971	36.5%
KXJB - CBS - Fargo ND	1997 Pop	498,554	382,498	116,055	23.3%
WBKB - CBS - Alpena MI	1997 Pop	131,902	92,052	39,850	30.2%
WCAX - CBS - Burlington VT	1997 Pop	811,874	638,976	172,899	21.3%
WCSH - NBC - Portland ME	1997 Pop	1,688,683	1,130,616	558,066	33.0%
WLOS - ABC - Greenville SC	1997 Pop	4,074,195	2,364,540	1,709,655	42.0%
WSAZ - NBC - Charleston WV	1997 Pop	1,284,792	1,020,012	264,780	20.6%

SOURCE: Decisionmark Corporation

TV customers are tuning in to satellite

Direct proadcesters going head-to-head with cable industry

Michael White - Associated Press

LOS ANGELES _ Jeffrey Washington got really mad at his cable company when a technical giltch turned his television dark just before the Memorial Day weekend.

"If I'm going into a three-day weekend and I've got children at home that are 8 and 4 and I can't get Nickelodeon, I've got a problem," said Washington, 40, of Mitchellville, Md., a Washington D.C., suburb. "We would call to find out what was happening and just get a recording."

A few months later, when Bell Atlantic began packaging satellite-based DirecTV with local telephone service. Washington signed up.

He pays about the same price, around \$60 a month for basic service with premium channels, and said he is happier with the service and gets a sharper picture.

Satellite companies have set out to share more customers like Washington by joining forces with local phone companies and using some decidedly low-level technology that lets satellite customers watch local channels.

Cable companies are responding to the new threat by upgrading their systems with technology that will allow sharper pictures, more channels and additional services like telephone and the Internet.

Whether the new strategies will give satellite companies such as DirecTV a bigger chunk of cable's customer base remains to be seen. What is clear is that the new approach has infused the industry with new energy and optimism about the future of direct broadcasting.

"We see it as a very hig deal in terms of it driving subscribers, building the subscriber base and getting the word-of-mouth out there in terms of what satellite TV can do," said Jimmy Schaeffler, chairman of the Carmel Group, a market analysis company that monitors the direct broadcast industry.

In recent months Hughes Electronic Corp.'s DirecTV and U.S. Satellite Broadcasting each have entered into marketing agreements with big local telephone providers including Bell Atlantic, Southwestern Bell and GTE. The deals are expected to give the satellite companies a longer marketing reach.

The phone companies have been offering the service on a limited basis for several months, but plan to expand during 1999.

The new satellite campaign includes a new wrinkle: customers get a satellite dish on their roof, but they also get a small antenna that pulls in local channels. In some cases, depending on the location of the home, the antenna can be mounted in the attic, or integrated as part of the satellite dish.

By picking the right antenna for local conditions, the phone companies say they can match or exceed the picture quality of cable television.

This admittedly low-tech application overcomes a big marketing hurdle for direct broadcasters. Under federal law designed to protect cable operators, they are not allowed to offer local stations via satellite. That has persuaded many potential customers to stick with cable.

"We provide a local signal solution," said Richard Beville, president of Bell Atlantic Video, the subsidiary that is executing Bell Atlantic's foray into television service. "We're the home team in all these markets we serve,"

Cable now has 67.4 percent of the nation's TV ...arket, a share that's worth \$33.8 billion, according to the National Cable Television Association. Direct broadcasters claim about 10 percent of the market share.

Recent acquisitions might also make satellite companies more appealing to American viewers.

Earlier this month, DirecTV announced it would buy U.S. Satellite for \$1.3 billion in a deal that will allow DirecTV to offer subscribers more than 100 channels, far more than the number now available through cable.

Denver-based EchoStar Communications plans to buy the last U.S. satellite license, and two satellites under construction, from MCI Worldcom and Rupert Murdoch's News Corp. The sale gives EchoStar, which has about 2 million subscribers, the potential to offer up to 500 channels and internet access to its customers. As part of the deal, MCI's marketing department will sell subscriptions to EchoStar's satellite TV service, although the plan does not include antenna instellation.

Companies also are offering sharp discounts on the cost of dish installation.

Cable companies are countering with upgraded service.

"We will win," said Bill Rosendahl, senior vice president of operations at Century Communications of Southern California, a subsidiary of Connecticut-based Century Communications Inc., which serves about 1.3 million households nationwide.

The company is set to gain another 400,000 California subscribers as part of a pending merger of local services with TCI Communications.